


# MASTER

Multiple ASpect TrajEctoRy  
management and analysis

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Responsible Authors	<i>Karine Zeitouni (Unit Manager of UVSQ)</i>
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## ACRONYM LIST

MASTER	Multiple Aspects Trajectory Management and Analysis
ICT	Information and Communication Technologies
ISTI	Istituto di Scienza e Tecnologie dell'Informazione "A. Faedo"
CNR	Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche
UNIVE	Ca' Foscari University of Venice
UVSQ	University of Versailles Saint-Quentin
UFC	Federal University of Ceara'
UPRC	University of Pireaus Research Center
HUA	Harokopio University of Athens
PUC	Pontifical University of Rio de Janeiro
DAL	Dalhousie University
THIRA	Municipality of Thira
ER	Experienced Researcher
ESR	Early Stage Researcher
AIS	Automatic Identification System (AIS)

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The objective of this deliverable (D4.1) is to “report about joint research work on similarity, machine learning and data mining methods for holistic trajectories” as stated in the MASTER Grant Agreement Annex 1 Part A pages 15-16. According to the GA, this deliverable reports on the scientific activities of Task 4.1 and Task 4.2 at M24, which were accomplished during the secondments linked to WP4. It is linked to milestone MS3.

Contributors to this deliverable: CNR contributed to T4.1 with similarity methods, and T4.2 with ML methods. HUA on T4.2 for recommendation systems. UFSC to T4.1 on similarity methods. UFC on T4.2 on graph analysis, DAL contributed to T4.2 on ML.

## 2. WP4 OBJECTIVES AND TASKS

According to GA Annex I Part A WP4 “encloses all the research activities related to the analysis of large repositories of holistic trajectories, the privacy and big data issues arising in this context, and to the shared discussion among MASTER partners of the concepts and vision around the future research challenges. The activities of the WP are split among 5 tasks, the first two having the foundational aim of providing proper similarity measures and analysis methods based on machine learning and data mining techniques. Training is embedded in each secondment with seminars and courses, including Summer School and Dagstuhl Seminar.”

These are objectives of WP4:

1. Conduct research activities related to the **analysis** of large repositories of holistic trajectories. This objective has been achieved regarding the first two years of activities as detailed later in Task 4.1 and Task 4.2.
2. Conduct research activities related to **privacy** and **big data** issues arising in the context of large repositories of holistic trajectories. This objective has been partially achieved with activities in Task 4.3 and Task 4.4 but are not reported in this deliverable. As stated in the grant agreement, these activities will be reported in the Deliverable D4.4 “Big Data and privacy issues in holistic trajectories analysis” at M48.
3. Facilitate the shared discussion among MASTER partners of the concepts and vision around the **future research challenges**. This objective is related to Task 4.5 and activities will start at M36.

4. Contribute to the training activities embedded in each secondment with seminars and courses held at the hosting institution, as well as to the Summer School and the Dagstuhl Seminar organized within MASTER project.

WP4 consists in the following tasks:

Task 4.1 Computing Similarity of holistic trajectories (Leader: CNR) (M8-M42);

Task 4.2 Machine learning and data mining methods (Leader: UVSQ) (M8-M42);

Task 4.3 Privacy issues in holistic trajectories analysis (Leader: UPRC) (M8-M42);

Task 4.4 Big Data issues in holistic trajectories analysis (Leader: HUA) (M8-M42);

Task 4.5 Future challenges (Leader: CNR) (M36-M48).

Task 4.6 Training in holistic trajectories analysis methods (Leader: UNIVE) (M8-M48).

Table 1 below shows the number of secondments linked to WP4 at M24. The total number of secondments indicated in the table column “Second. N” is 13; however, if secondment splits are included, the total number of secondments becomes 14. Total secondments correspond to 11 Researcher Declarations.

According to the Researcher Declarations submitted to SyGMA system, the total number of person months is 14,61. This deliverable is based on activities carried out during these secondments, focusing only on tasks T4.1 and T4.2 as stated in the GA.

Research activity carried out for these tasks has produced 5 publications listed in Section 4. This deliverable contributes, together with D3.1, to milestone MS3 due at M24 that is therefore achieved at M24. This deliverable feeds D4.2 due at M48 and corresponding to MS5.

**Table 1: Secondments executed from M8 to M24 linked to WP4 “Holistic Trajectories analysis methods”**

RD N.	Second. N	Fellow ID	Profile	Name	Last Name	Sending Institution	Hosting Institution	From	To	PM	Task
19	97	15	ESR	Antonios	Makris	HUA	UFSC	01/12/2018	31/12/2018	1	T4.4
20	98,71	16	ER	Christos	Sardianos	HUA	UFSC	01/12/2018 06/11/2019	31/12/2018 05/12/2019	2	T4.2
21	9, 107	3	ER	Raffaele	Perego	CNR	UFSC	11/03/2019 26/10/2019	06/04/2019 30/11/2019	2.07	T4.1
25	89	19	ESR	Andrea	Michienzi	CNR	UFC	12/06/2019	13/07/2019	1.07	T4.2
26	5	7	ESR	Vinicius	Monteiro de Lira	CNR	DAL	29/05/2019 15/06/2019	08/06/2019 07/08/2019	2.17	T4.2

27	10	20	ER	Emanuele	Carlini	CNR	DAL	02/07/2019	06/08/2019	1.17	T4.2
34	70	9	ER	Iraklis	Varlamis	HUA	UFSC	06/11/2019	05/12/2019	1	T4.1
35	72	16	ER	Christos	Sardianos	HUA	PUC	06/12/2019	05/01/2020	1	T4.2
36	68	8	ER	Konstantinos	Tserpes	HUA	PUC	06/12/2019	05/01/2020	1	T4.4
37	99	9	ER	Iraklis	Varlamis	HUA	PUC	06/12/2019	05/01/2020	1	T4.4
38	105	7	ESR	Vinicius Cesar	Monteiro de Lira	CNR	UFC	30/11/2019	02/01/2020	1.13	T4.2

#### TASK 4.1 COMPUTING SIMILARITY OF HOLISTIC TRAJECTORIES (LEADER: CNR) (M8-M42).

According to the GA Annex 1 Part A this task “addresses the definition and implementation of metrics to estimate the similarity between pairs of holistic trajectories.”

This task has been executed during secondments #9 and #107 to UFSC by the researcher Raffaele Perego (CNR), and #70 to UFSC by the researchers Iraklis Varlamis (HUA), for a total of 3,07 person months.

During the secondments #9 and #107 to UFSC, Raffaele Perego (CNR) focused on the study of the computational cost of the similarity measures proposed by the research group of Prof. Vania Bogorny (UFSC). The scalability of the methods is an open issue and they identified some alternative approaches to extract signatures from trajectories and compute effective similarities among these signatures in an efficient way. In continuation of this work, Iraklis Varlamis (HUA) who was seconded to UFSC (Secondment #70), contributed to the proposal of a novel similarity metric that leverages machine learning in computing complex similarity functions. It is based on the creation of binary clustering trees on each aspect and then combines all similarities using a “forest” that allows multi-aspect comparisons.

#### TASK 4.2 MACHINE LEARNING AND DATA MINING METHODS (LEADER: UVSQ) (M8-M42).

According to the GA Annex 1 Part A this task “focuses on the analysis methods, which in the context of MASTER, must cope with the multiple dimensions and complex aspects associated with holistic trajectories. Mining methods considered are: clustering, prediction with ML, graph analysis with TDG, recommenders.”

This task has been addressed in secondments #98 and #71 to UFSC by researcher Christos Sardianos (HUA); in secondments #89 and #105 to UFC by researchers Andrea Michienzi (CNR) and Vinicius

Monteiro de Lira (CNR); in secondments #5 and #10 to DAL by Vinicius Monteiro de Lira (CNR) and Emanuele Carlini (CNR); and in secondment #72 to PUC by Christos Sardianos (HUA). This effort represented 8,44 person months in total.

During HUA's secondment to UFSC (Secondment #71), the group discussed topics on semantic trajectory classification as a kind of ML (machine learning) method for prediction with ML. In particular existing results from UFSC were discussed on the machine learning task of semantic trajectory classification and the approaches and algorithms they proposed and implemented so far (e.g. Movelets). Those were compared to the trajectory classification techniques that HUA's team has applied in the maritime scenario (see Kapadais, K., Varlamis, I., Sardianos, C., Tserpes, K. (2019). *A Framework for the Detection of Search and Rescue Patterns Using Shapelet Classification*. *Future Internet*, 11(9), 192). The research effort was also focused on the data mining methods that cluster single-aspect trajectories and designed methods that can extend them to multi-aspect trajectories with categorical, ordinal or numeric values, with implied or optional values. The current results can be summarised in a new clustering algorithm that combines a tree-based similarity measure and spectral clustering techniques, and gave rise to a research paper accepted in The Big Mobility Data Analysis workshop. During secondments #98 and #72 to UFSC and PUC, Christos Sardianos (HUA) focused on machine learning techniques for trajectory classification in the maritime domain.

During secondments #5 and #10 to DAL, Vinicius Monteiro de Lira (CNR) and Emanuele Carlini (CNR) adopted a temporal graph-based approach (with time dependent graph -TDG), that uses AIS data to build complex network representations of the vessel trajectories all over the world-wide ports. They consider the ports as nodes, and the vessel trips between the ports as edges. From these temporal graphs, they derive the time series of topological (such as betweenness centrality, degree centrality, etc) and semantic (average speed, average acceleration, etc) properties that allow to answer data-driven questions in different context of analysis: (1) Trends/Popularity (e.g, what are the trending ports along the year?); (2) Prediction (e.g, what are the predictions of importation and exportation for the commercial blocks?); (3) Community detection (e.g. Is it possible to infer communities of vessels arriving in a port?). A paper has been submitted to the Big Mobility Data Analysis (BMDA) workshop (see [2] in References).

During secondments #89 and #105 to UFC, by Andrea Michienzi (CNR) first, and continued later by Vinicius Monteiro de Lira (CNR), secondees considered as mining technique a graph analysis with the concepts time dependent graph (TDG), where the graph is obtained by the enriched trajectories considering the moving objects as nodes and the meeting points as edges which can be weighted with the strength of the relationship. One important problem in analysing this kind of data is to identify the nodes which have a maximum influence in the graph. This is of primary importance in many trajectory-based systems. For instance, if the trajectories model the movement of vehicles in a city, this can be used to understand which are the fastest routes to cross the city, if the trajectories model the movement of tourists, the detection of influential nodes, together with clustering techniques, may help in suggesting popular touristic routes patterns. The novelty of the new studied techniques with



respect to the state of the art is that the graph obtained from holistic trajectories contains both temporal and spatial information. The temporal information helps us understand when the two moving objects meet and how much time they spend together, and the spatial information models the place where the two objects meet. This work has been conducted in collaboration with Professors Jose Antonio Macedo (UFC) and Ticiana Linhares (UFC), and the master student Hinessa Caminha (UFC).

### 3. CONCLUSIONS

In summary, main contributions related to this deliverable are as follows:

- Investigation of alternative approaches to extract signatures from trajectories for similarity measures (Secondments #9 and #107)
- Machine learning for complex similarity functions (secondment #70)
- Trajectory classification techniques using machine learning (Secondments #71)
- Graph based approaches with TDG for AIS data and traffic data (secondments #5, #10, #89, #105)

These scientific results are reported also in the 5 publications listed in Section 4.

The research activities carried out during secondments also included training activities of ESRs including participation to seminars and courses, as specified in the GA. These activities have been executed during the secondments of WP4.

This deliverable contributes, together with D3.1, to milestone MS3 due at M24. The milestone MS3 will be therefore achieved at M24. This deliverable feeds D4.2 due at M48 and corresponding to MS5.

### 4. PUBLICATIONS

- [1] Petry, L. M., Ferrero, C. A., Alvares, L. O., Renso, C., & Bogorny, V. (2019). Towards semantic-aware multiple- aspect trajectory similarity measuring. *Transactions in GIS*, 23(5), 960-975. This is publication N. 25 SyGMA as article in journal. Link to repository is <https://zenodo.org/record/3685667#.XIPHRi2ZNUM>
- [2] Emanuele Carlini, Vinicius Monteiro de Lira, Amilcar Soares, Mohammad Etemad, Bruno Brandoli Machado and Stan Matwin, Uncovering vessel movement patterns from AIS data with graph evolution analysis, BMDA workshop at EDBT 2020 to appear. This is publication N. 28 in SyGMA as workshop proceedings. Link to repository <https://zenodo.org/record/3685892#.XIPZvC2ZNUM>
- [3] Kapadais, K., Varlamis, I., Sardianos, C., Tserpes, K. (2019). A Framework for the Detection of Search and Rescue Patterns Using Shapelet Classification. *Future Internet*, 11(9), 192. This is publication N.27 in SyGMA as article in journal. Link to repository <https://zenodo.org/record/3685813#.XIPJ2S2ZNUM>

[4] Varlamis, I., Tserpes, K., Etemad, M., Júnior, A. S., & Matwin, S. (2019). A network abstraction of multi-vessel trajectory data for detecting anomalies. In Proceedings of the 2nd International Workshop on “Big Mobility Data Analytics” at EDBT 2019, Lisbon, Portugal. This is publication N. 15 in SyGMA as workshop proceedings. Link to repository <https://zenodo.org/record/2649606#.XlPIEi2ZNUM>.

[5] Ioannis Kontopoulos, Iraklis Varlamis and Konstantinos Tserpes, Uncovering hidden concepts from AIS data: A network abstraction of maritime traffic for anomaly detection. First International workshop on Multiple Aspects Management and Analysis MASTER 2019 @ ECML-PKDD, Wurzburg, Germany September 16 2019. This is publication N. 23 in SyGMA as chapter in a book (workshop proceedings). Link to repository <https://zenodo.org/record/3678139#.XlPK-C2ZNUM>